
Domain structures and domain wall pinning in arrays of elliptical NiFe nanoelements

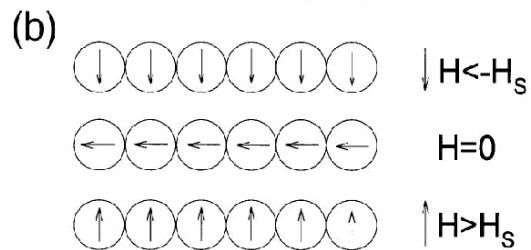
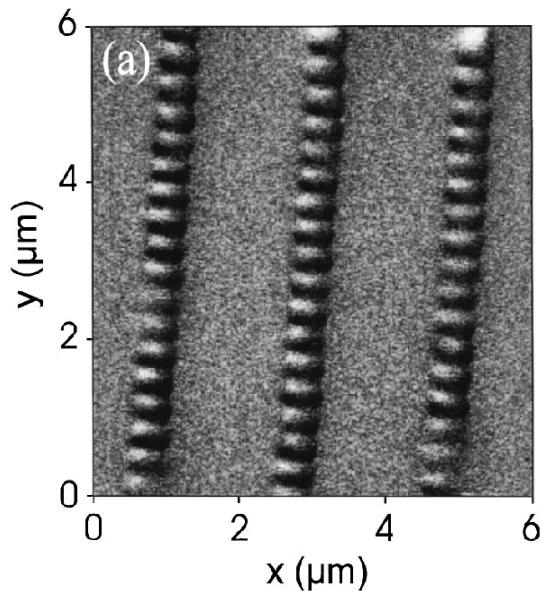
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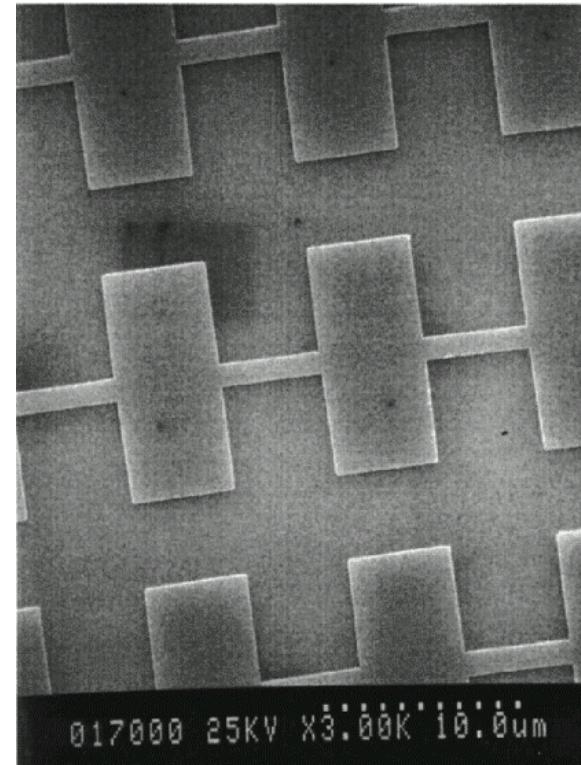
Outline

- Experimental investigations
- Micromagnetic model
- Single particle
- Chains of particles
 - separated particles
 - influence of shape
 - connected particles
- Summary

Experimental investigations



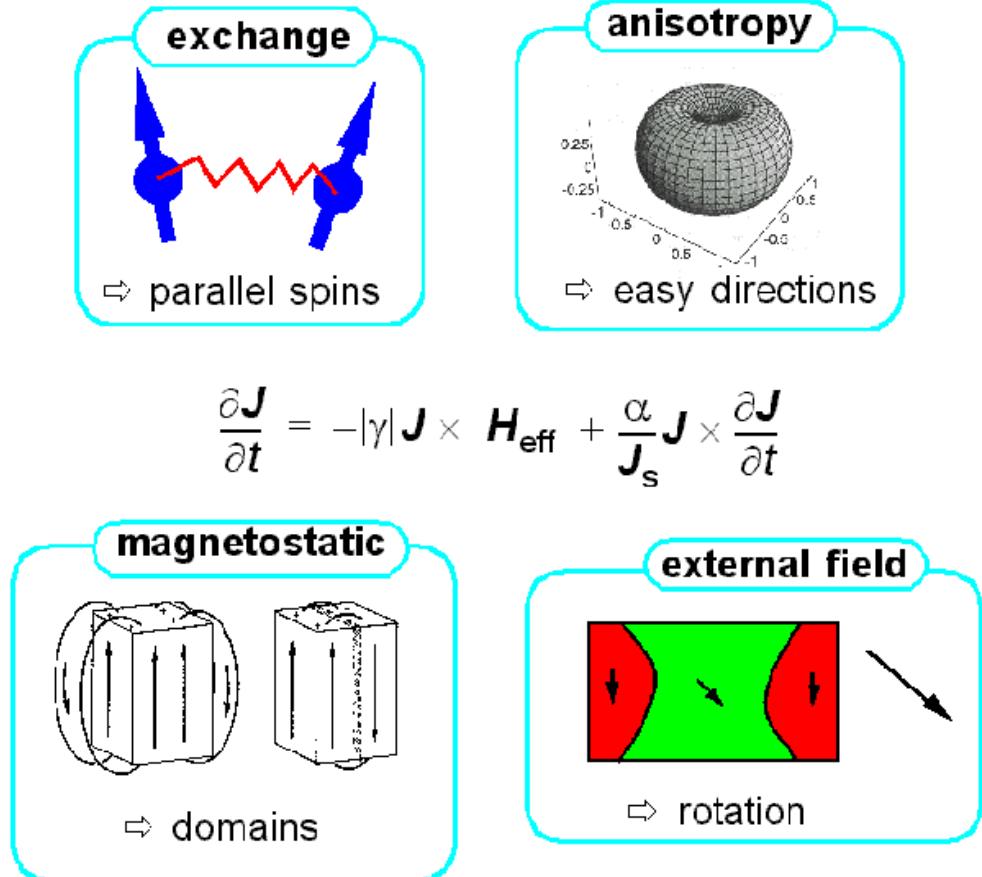
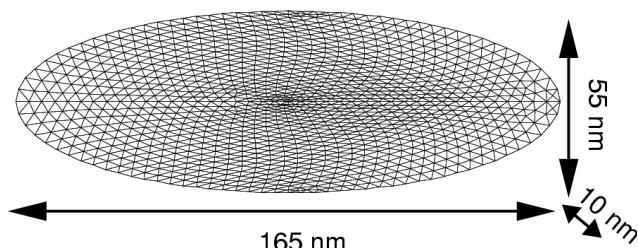
J. I. Martín et al., Magnetization reversal in long chains of submicrometric Co dots.
Appl. Phys. Lett., 72(2):255-257, January 1998



C. C. Yao et al., Magnetoresistance in modulated width $\text{Ni}_{80}\text{Fe}_{20}$ wires.
J. Appl. Phys., 85(3):1689-1692, February 1999

Micromagnetics

- Effective field H_{eff} :
 - exchange
 - anisotropy
 - magnetostatic
 - external field
- Gilbert equation of motion
 - time integration using BDF with preconditioning



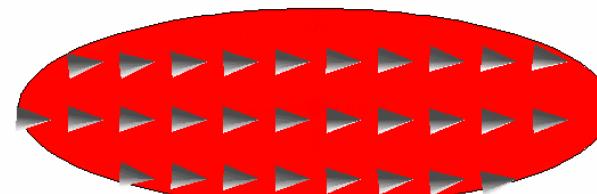
- 3D FE models with up to 15000 nodes 60000 elements

Single particle

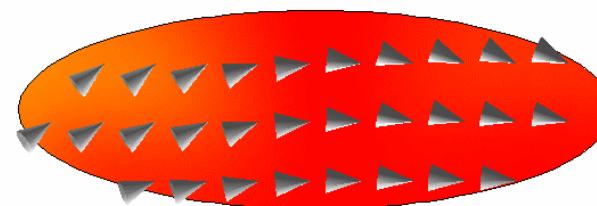
- **Elliptical particle**
Permalloy ($\text{Ni}_{80}\text{Fe}_{20}$)
 $J_s = 1 \text{ T}$
 $A = 13 \text{ pJ/m}$
 $K = 0$
 $\delta \approx 160 \text{ nm}$

**perfectly rectangular
hysteresis loop**
 $H_{sw} = 238 \text{ kA/m}$

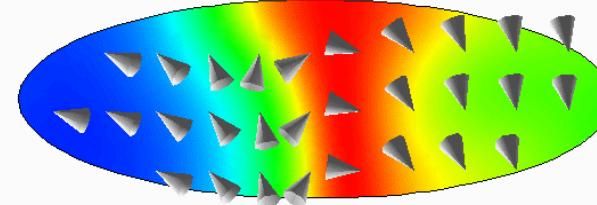
**Inhomogeneous
magnetization
reversal process**



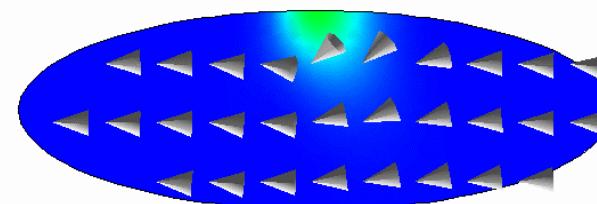
$t = 0.00 \text{ ns}$



$t = 0.05 \text{ ns}$



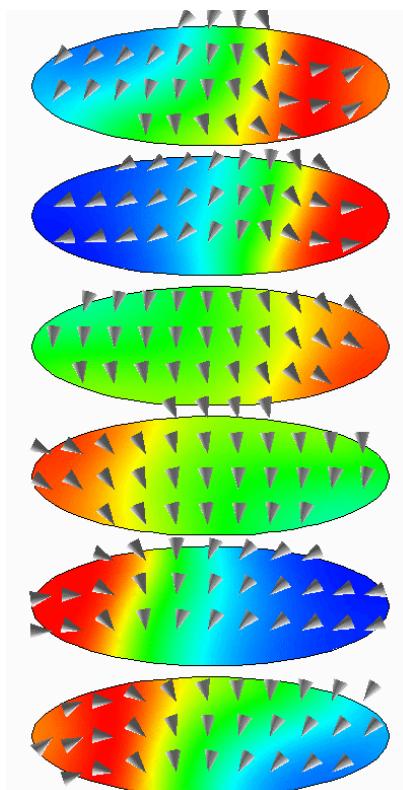
$t = 0.15 \text{ ns}$



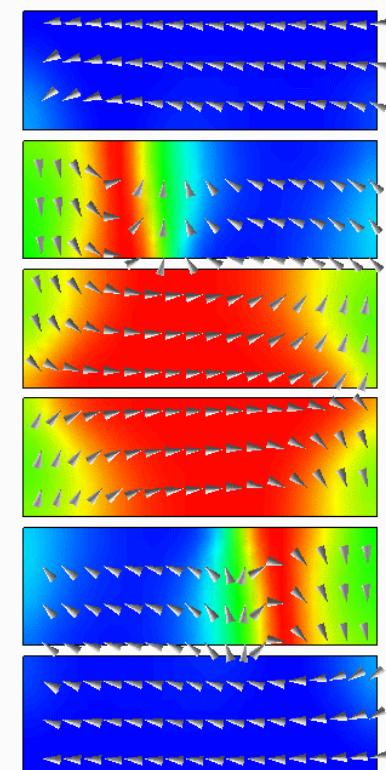
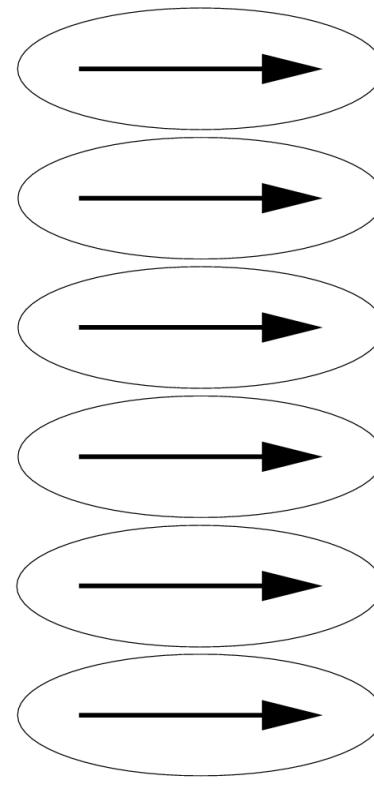
$t = 0.20 \text{ ns}$

Chain of particles

- Elliptical particles
- Rectangular particles

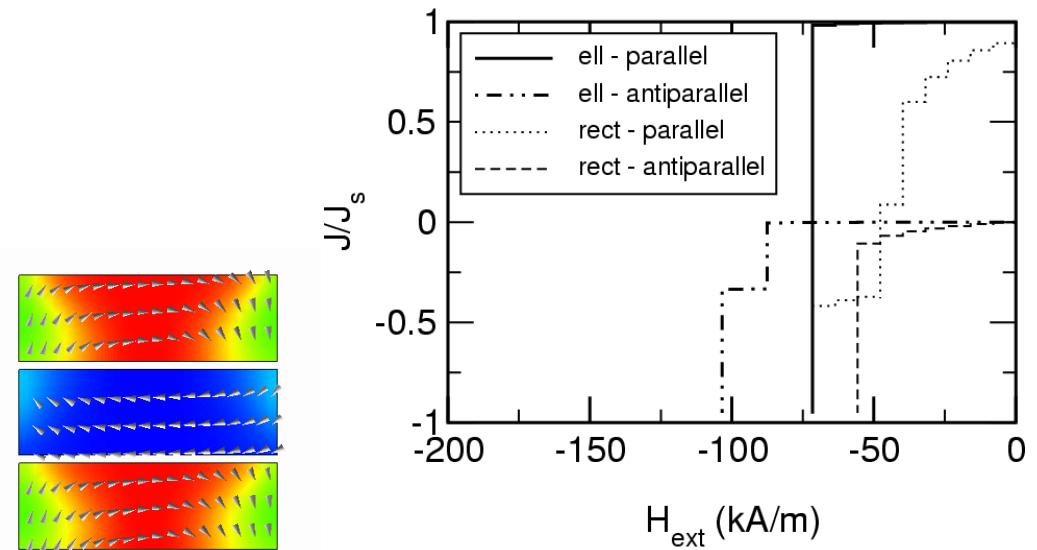
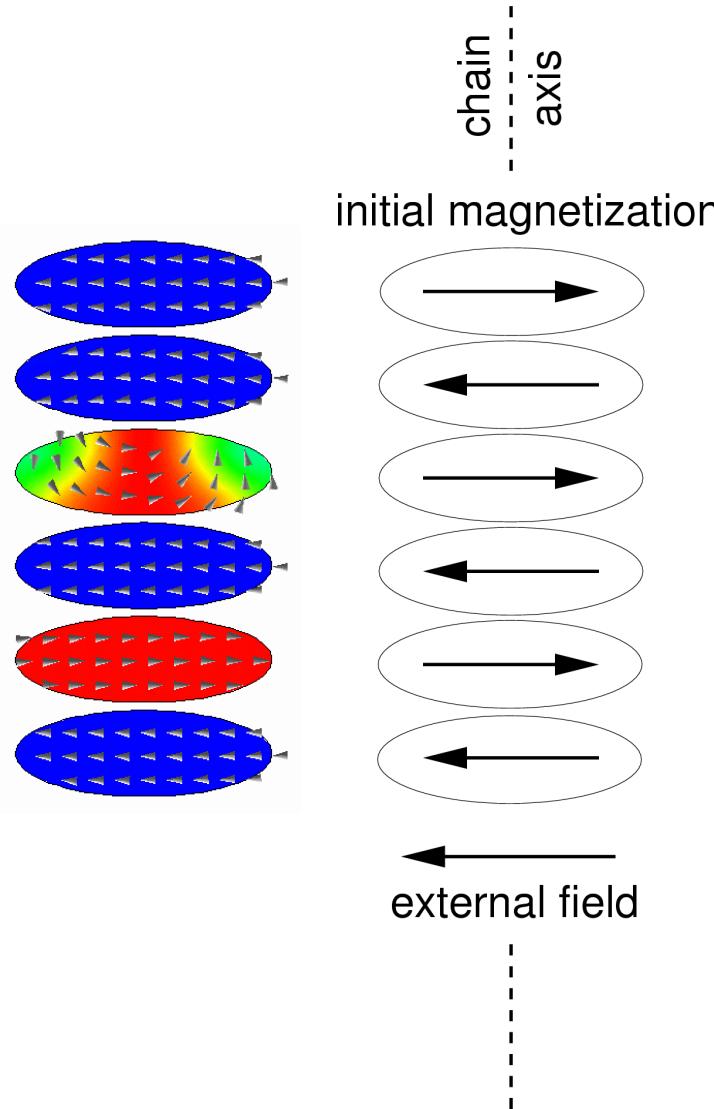


initial magnetization



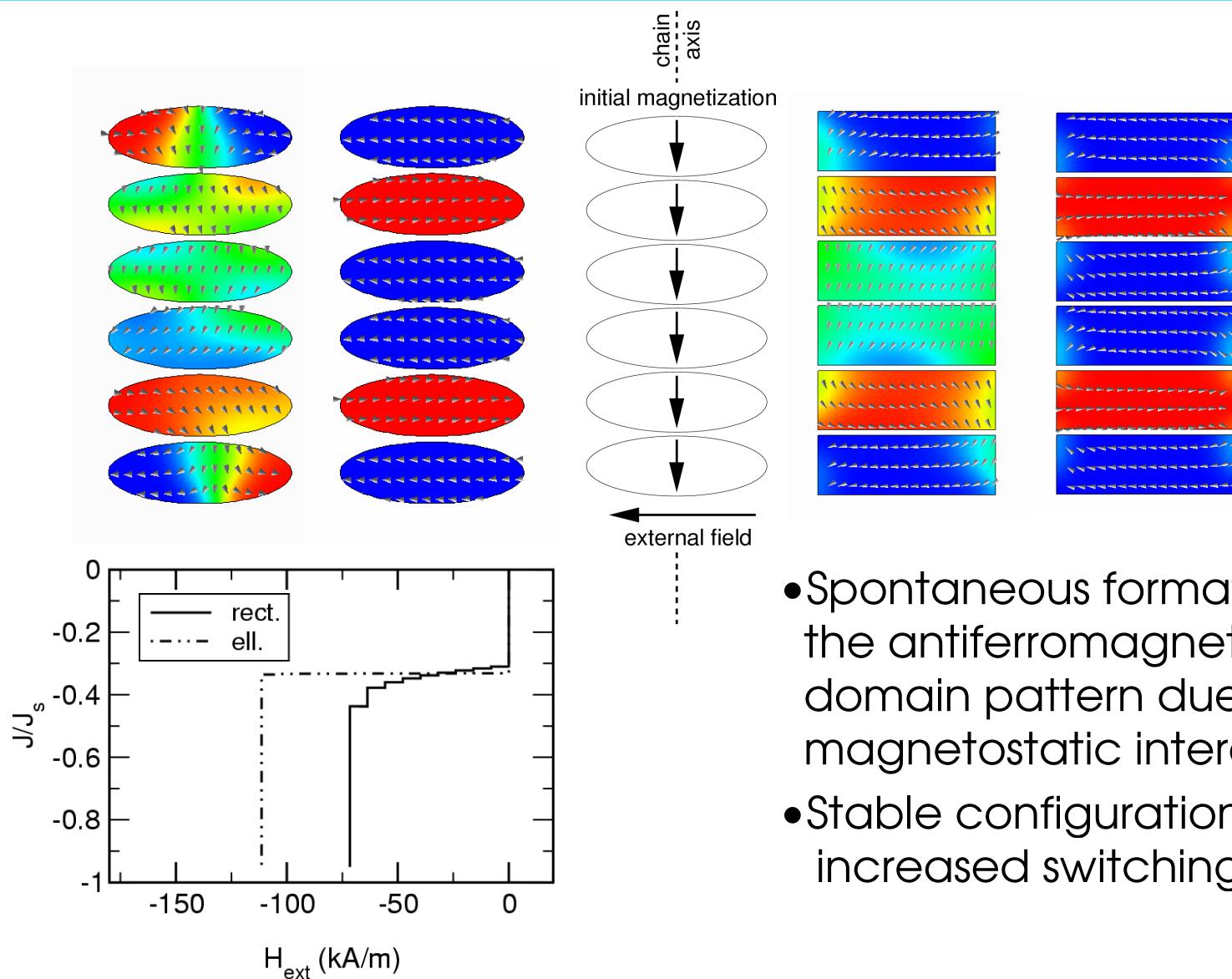
external field

Separated particles



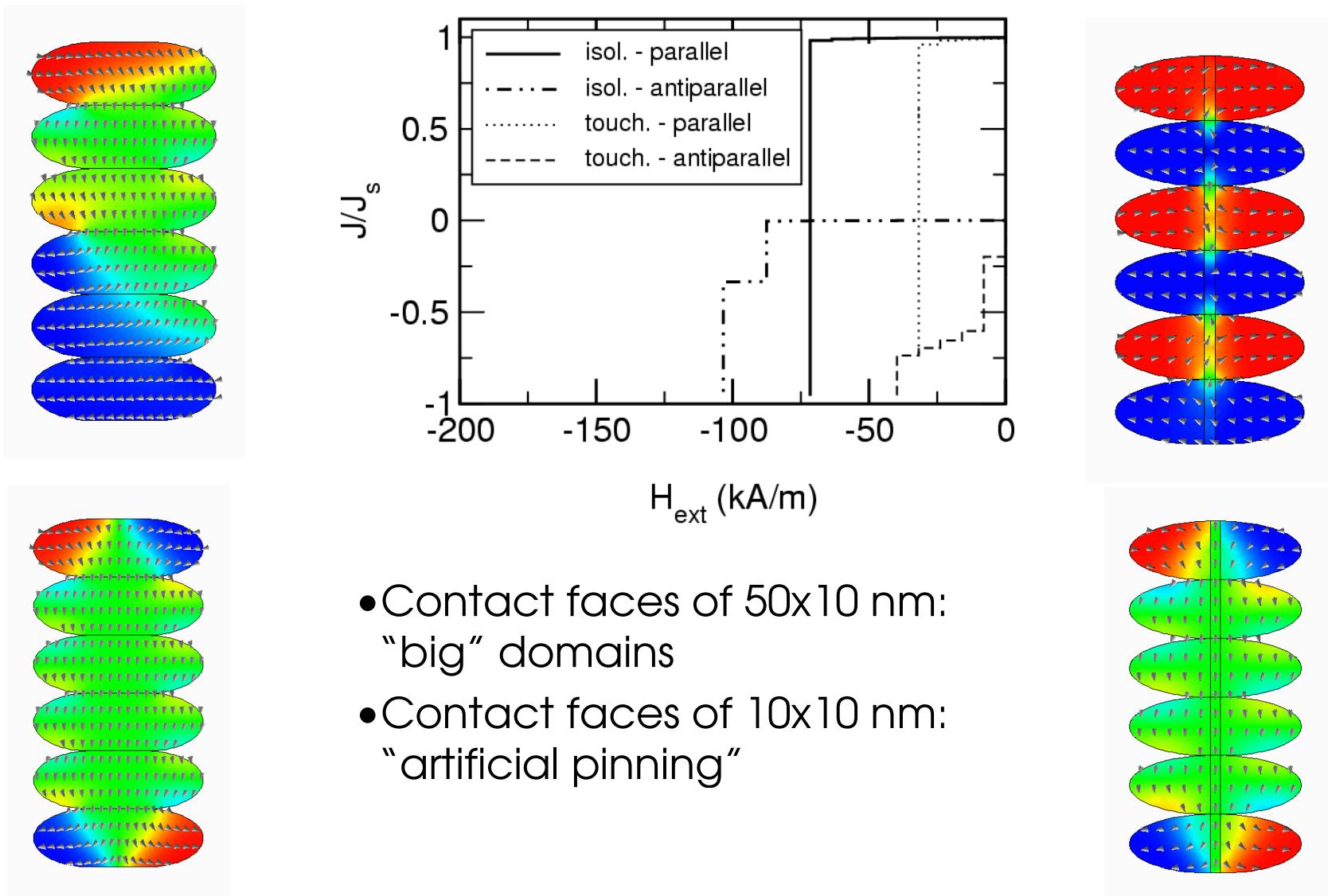
- Gap of 5 nm
- Elliptical particles:
 - Parallel alignment: $H_{\text{sw}} = 72 \text{ kA/m}$
 - Antiparallel alignment: $H_{\text{sw}} = 104 \text{ kA/m}$

Spontaneous alignment



- Spontaneous formation of the antiferromagnetic domain pattern due to magnetostatic interactions
- Stable configuration with increased switching fields

Connected particles



Summary

- Study of permalloy nanoparticles for data storage devices and sensor applications
- Strong influence of shape and magnetostatic interactions
- Competition between shape anisotropy of the particles and shape anisotropy of the chain
- Spontaneous formation and stability of domain patterns with antiparallel magnetization
- Artificial pinning of magnetic transition regions at small contact faces

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